

1 1. A method comprising:
2 charging a first glass sheet;
3 electrostatically adhering said first glass sheet
4 to a second glass sheet;
5 processing one of said sheets; and
6 separating said electrostatically adhered sheets.

1 2. The method of claim 1 including oppositely
2 charging said second glass sheet.

1 3. The method of claim 1 including separating said
2 first and second glass sheets using a fluid flow.

1 4. The method of claim 3 including using an ionized
2 air source to discharge said glass sheets.

1 5. The method of claim 3 including charging each of
2 said sheets to substantially the same but opposite charge
3 magnitudes.

1 6. The method of claim 5 including charging only one
2 side of each sheet.

1 7. The method of claim 1 including forming a display
2 panel.

1 8. The method of claim 1 including using a corona
2 source to charge said glass sheet.

1 9. The method of claim 8 including grounding said
2 glass sheet.

1 10. The method of claim 9 including contacting said
2 glass sheet with a ground plate.

1 11. The method of claim 9 including grounding a
2 conductive layer on said glass sheet.

1 12. The method of claim 1 wherein separating said
2 electrostatically adhered sheets includes progressively
3 peeling said sheets apart.

1 13. The method of claim 1 including forming a
2 combined sheet from said first and second sheets that has a
3 thickness compatible with conventional glass processing
4 equipment.

1 14. A method comprising:
2 forming a composite of two electrostatically
3 adhered glass sheets;
4 processing one of said sheets; and
5 separating said electrostatically adhered sheets.

1 15. The method of claim 14 including forming an
2 electronic display.

1 16. The method of claim 15 including depositing row
2 and column electrodes on one of said glass sheets.

1 17. The method of claim 16 including depositing
2 organic light emitting material on one of said glass
3 sheets.

1 18. A method comprising:
2 electrostatically charging a first glass sheet;
3 electrostatically adhering the first glass sheet
4 to a second sheet;
5 forming row and column electrodes on said first
6 glass sheet; and
7 separating said electrostatically adhered sheets.

1 19. The method of claim 18 including forming an
2 organic light emitting material between said row and column
3 electrodes.

1 20. The method of claim 19 including depositing a
2 transparent electrically conductive material on said first
3 glass sheet.

1 21. The method of claim 18 including charging said
2 first glass sheet and said second sheet to substantially
3 the same but opposite potentials.

1 22. The method of claim 21 including adhering said
2 first glass sheet to a second sheet also formed of glass.